OPERATING MANUAL

'""""4237" '"""BEET CART



2800 7TH Avenue North Fargo, ND 58102

Phone: (701) 232-4199 Fax: (701) 234-1716 www.amitytech.com

AMITY TECHNOLOGY, LLC LIMITED WARRANTY FOR NEW PRODUCTS

- 1. <u>General Provisions</u>. This Warranty shall apply to the original purchaser of (1) any new and unused machine manufactured by Amity Technology, LLC ("Amity"), and (2) any new and unused part which is manufactured by Amity for use in an Amity machine, jointly referred to as "Products," whether such Product is purchased through a dealer or directly from Amity. Under this Warranty, Amity will repair or replace, as it chooses in its sole discretion, any covered Product, or any component thereof, which Amity determines to be defective. This Warranty shall be in effect for a period of twelve (12) months ("the Warranty Period"), beginning on the date of delivery of the covered machine or part by the dealer or Amity to the purchaser ("the Warranty Start Date"). The purchaser must pay the cost of transportation of a Product to be repaired or replaced to and from an authorized Amity dealer. This Warranty does not give a purchaser the right to any relief other than repair or replacement of the Product, and it specifically does not allow for consequential or incidental damages, exemplary or punitive damages, or costs and fees.
- 2. <u>Scope and Limitations of Warranty</u>. With respect to machines, this Warranty is void if any part not supplied by Amity is used in assembly or repair of the machine, or if the machine has been altered, abused or neglected, as determined by Amity. With respect to parts, this Warranty is void if the part is used in any manner other than that for which it is intended. This Warranty does not extend in any way to tires and any other component of a Product warranted by another manufacturer, a copy of which warranty is provided herewith ("Third-Party Warranties"). In the event Amity determines that a Product is not defective, or that any other provision of this Paragraph 2 operates to limit the Warranty, this Warranty shall not apply and the purchaser shall be responsible for transporting the Product from the authorized Amity dealer's location within 10 days of notice by Amity.
- **3.** <u>Procedures for Obtaining Service</u>. To secure Warranty service, a purchaser must (1) report the defect to an authorized dealer and request repair within 45 days of the failure and within the Warranty Period; (2) present evidence that this Warranty applies to the Product; (3) present evidence of the Warranty Start Date; and (4) bring the Product to an authorized Amity dealer within a reasonable period of time after reporting the defect.
- 4. <u>LIMITION OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND OTHER REMEDIES</u>. To the extent allowed by law, neither Amity, its dealers, nor any company affiliated with Amity makes any warranties, representations, or promises as to the quality, performance, or freedom from defect of any Product covered by this Warranty.

AMITY HEREBY WAIVES, TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE, ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. A PURCHASER'S ONLY REMEDIES IN CONNECTION WITH THIS WARRANTY ARE THOSE SET FORTH ON THIS PAGE. IN NO EVENT WILL AMITY, ITS DEALERS, OR ANY COMPANY AFFILIATED WITH AMITY BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow waivers of certain warranties, so the above waivers may not apply to you. You may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

5. <u>No Dealer Warranty</u>. This is the exclusive warranty applicable to Amity Products. No dealer has any authority to make any other warranty, modify, limit, or expand the terms of this Warranty in any fashion, or make any representation or promise on behalf of Amity.

6. <u>Dispute Resolution</u>. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Warranty must be settled by arbitration in Fargo, North Dakota, at a time and location designated by the arbitrator, but not exceeding 30 days after a demand for arbitration has been made, and may be conducted by electronic, video, or other technical means. Arbitration will be conducted by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its Rules of Commercial Arbitration, and judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. The arbitrator will have the authority to order Amity to undertake a repair or replace any Product, at its election, if the arbitrator finds that this Warranty requires Amity to do so. The arbitrator will not have the authority to impose any other remedy against Amity, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages, exemplary or punitive damages, or costs and fees.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WARRANTY	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 General Information	1
1.2 Serial Number	1
2.0 SAFETY	2
2.1 Recognizing Safety Information in Manual	2
2.2 General Cart Safety	2
2.3 Maintenance and Operating Safety	3
2.4 Hydraulic Safety	3
2.5 Transport Safety	4
2.6 Elevator Locking Pins	4
2.7 Safety Decals	5
3.0 SPECIFICATIONS	8
3.1 Cart Specifications	8
3.1.1 Hydraulic Flow Rates	8
3.2 Tractor Specifications	9
4.0 PREPARATION	10
4.1 Tractor Preparation	10
4.1.1 Three-Point Hitch Position	10
4.2 Cart Preparation	10
4.2.1 Elevator Hydraulic Value Control Box	10
4.2.2 Shield Placement	10
4.2.3 Gearbox Oil Levels	10
4.2.4 Greasing	10
5.0 ATTACHING AND DETACHING	11
5.1 Attaching Hydraulic and Electrical Systems	11
5.2 Attaching Cart to Tractor Drawbar	11
5.3 Using Stands	12
6.0 OPERATING THE CART	13
6.1 Cart Components	13
6.1.1 Front and Rear Floors	13
6.1.2 Center Floor	13
6.1.3 Feed Roller	13
6.1.4 Elevator	14
6.1.5 Beet Deflector	15
6.1.4 Stands	15
6.2 Field Start Up	16

6.3 Field Operating Speed	16
6.4 Turning Radius1	17
6.5 Unloading Into Trucks	17
6.6 Unloading Onto The Ground	18
6.7 Break-In Period	19
6.8 Field Cleaning	19
6.9 Field Shutdown	19
7.0 ADJUSTMENTS	20
7.1 Floor Chain	20
7.2 Elevator	21
7.2.1 Belted Chain	21
7.2.2 Tension System	22
7.2.3 Beet Deflector	22
7.2.4 Stop Bolts	23
7.2.5 Plastic Puck	23
8.0 TRANSPORTATION	24
8.1 Warning Lights	24
8.2 Preparing for Transport	24
9.0 CLEANING	25
9.1 Elevator Drive Sprocket	25
9.2 Center/Feed Roller Drive Area2	25
9.3 Floor Chain	25
10.0 STORAGE	
10.1 End of Season	
10.2 Beginning of Season	26
	27
11.1 General Maintenance Information	
11.1.1 Grease	
11.2 U-Joints	
11.3 Floor Drag Chain	
11.4 Gearbox Oil Level	
11.5 Breather Cleaning	
11.6 Servicing Intervals	
11.7 Lubrication Chart	30
12.0 APPENDICES	35
12.1 Conversions	
12.2 Belted Chain Splice Procedure	
12.3 Torque Wrench Effective Length	

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General Information

Read this manual carefully to learn how to operate and service your machine correctly. Failure to read this manual can result in personal injury or equipment damage.

This manual is a permanent part of your machine and should remain with the machine when you sell it.

Measurements in this manual are given in both customary U.S. units and metric equivalents. Use only correct replacement parts and fasteners. Metric and inch fasteners require appropriate tools to install.

NOTE: Right and left-hand sides are determined by facing in the direction the implement will travel when moving forward.

1.2 Serial Number

Record the serial number, model number, and model year of your cart to help trace the machine should it be stolen. Your dealer also needs these numbers for all warranty claims and when you order parts.

The cart serial number is found on the serial number plate which is located on the side of the front floor on the left side of the machine shown in Figure 1-1.

Record your serial number, model number, and model year in the space provided below.

Serial Number:

Model Number:

Model Year:



Figure 1-1: Serial Number Plate Location

2.0 SAFETY

2.1 Recognizing Safety Information in Manual

Figure 2-1 is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practices.

2.2 General Cart Safety

Figure 2-1: Safety-Alert Symbol

You are responsible for the safe operation and maintenance of your Amity beet cart. You and anyone else, who will operate, maintain, or work around the cart should be familiar with the operating and maintenance procedures and safety information in this manual.

Safety practices protect you and the people around you, so make them a working part of your safety program.

Cart owners must give operating instructions annually to operators or employees before allowing them to operate the cart per OSHA regulation 1928.57.

The most important safety device on this equipment is a safe operator. It is the operator's responsibility to read and follow all safety and operating instructions in the manual. All accidents can be avoided.

A person who has not read and understood all operating and safety instructions is not qualified to operate the machine. An untrained operator exposes himself and bystanders to serious injury or death.

Do not modify the equipment in any way. Unauthorized modification may impair the function and/or safety and could alter the life and warranty of the product.

The following list is a set of safety guide lines to adhere to:

- 1. Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all safety signs before operating, maintaining, or adjusting the cart.
- 2. Install and properly secure all shields and guards before operating.
- 3. Have a first-aid kit available and know how to use it.
- 4. Have a fire extinguisher available and know how to use it.
- 5. Clear the area of people and remove foreign objects from the machine before starting and operating.
- 6. A Shift to park, relieve hydraulic pressure, stop engine, remove ignition key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, repairing or disconnecting.



- 7. Review safety related items with all operators annually.
- 8. Wear suitable ear protection for prolonged exposure to excessive noise.

Think **SAFETY**! Work **SAFELY**!

2.3 Maintenance and Operating Safety

- 1. Read and understand all information contained in the Operator's Manual regarding maintenance, adjustment, and operation of the cart.
- 2. A Shift to park, relieve hydraulic pressure, stop engine, remove ignition key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, repairing, or disconnecting.
- 3. Keep hands, feet, clothing, and hair away from all moving and/or rotating parts.
- 4. Ensure that all tractor controls are in neutral before starting.
- 5. Never wear ill-fitting, baggy, or frayed clothing when working on or around the cart.
- 6. Make sure that all guards and shields are properly installed and secured before operating the cart.
- 7. Clear the area of all bystanders, especially children, when carrying out any maintenance or making adjustments on the systems or components.
- 8. Place stands or blocks under the frame before working beneath the machine.
- 9. Do not allow riders on the cart or tractor during field operation or transport.
- 10. Never operate the cart inside a closed building.
- 11. <u>!</u> Stay away from overhead obstructions and power lines during set up and operation. Electrocution can occur without direct contact.

2.4 Hydraulic Safety

- 1. Always place all tractor hydraulic controls in neutral before dismounting.
- 2. Make sure that all components in the hydraulic system are kept in good condition and are clean and tight.
- 3. Replace any worn, cut, abraded, flattened or crimped hoses.
- 4. Do not attempt any makeshift repairs to the hydraulic lines, fittings, or hoses by using tape, clamps, or cements. The hydraulic system operates under extremely high-pressure. Such repairs may fail suddenly, creating a hazardous and unsafe condition.

- 5. Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for a high-pressure hydraulic leak. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as a backstop instead of hands to isolate and identify a leak.
- 6. If injured by a concentrated high pressure stream of hydraulic fluid, seek medical attention immediately. Serious infection or toxic reaction can develop from hydraulic fluid piercing the skin surface.
- 7. Before applying pressure to the system, make sure all components are tight and that lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.

2.5 Transport Safety

- 1. Read and understand all information in the Operator's Manual regarding procedures and safety when operating the cart in the field or on the road.
- Make sure the Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem and required lights and reflectors are in 2. place, clean, and can be seen clearly by all overtaking and oncoming traffic.
- 3. Do not allow riders on any part of the cart during either field operation or travel.
- Attach to the tractor using only a drawbar pin with provisions for a mechanical retainer. 4.
- Always attach a safety chain. 5.
- 6. Always use hazard warning flashers when transporting unless prohibited by law.
- 7. Always fold in the elevator boom when transporting cart.
- 8. Stay away from overhead obstructions such as power lines.
- 9. Maximum transport speed on smooth roads is 15 mph (25 kmh). See Track manual for further track limitations.

2.6 Elevator Locking Pins

up.

The cart requires two locking pin, one on each side, of the elevator when it is folded out. These pins are used to ensure the elevator does not prematurely fold when there is no hydraulic pressure in the lines and cylinders.

Figure 2-2: Elevator Locking Pin

To use the pins, unfold the elevator all the way and fully insert the pin keeping the handle horizontal then rotate the handle down to its

vertical position. See section 7.2.2 for adjustments if the holes don't line

2.7 Safety Decals

The types of decals on the equipment are shown in the illustration below. Proper safety requires that you familiarize yourself with the various safety decals, the type of warning, and the area, or particular function related to that area, that requires your safety awareness. Most of the safety signs on the implement have two panels with few or no words. The panel on the left depicts the hazard and the panel on the right depicts the action required to avoid the hazard.

REMEMBER: If safety decals have been damaged, removed, become illegible, or parts are replaced without decals, new decals must be applied. New decals are available from your authorized dealer.

<u>Warning / Read Operator Manual</u> Hazard: General safety alert Avoidance: Read and understand the Operators Manual before operating the machine PN: 997851



Figure 2-3: Warning / Read Operator Manual

Warning / Remove Key Hazard: General safety alert Avoidance: Shut off engine and remove the key before performing maintenance or repair work PN: 997859



Figure 2-4: Warning / Remove Key

Danger / Electrical Shock Hazard: Electrical Shock Hazard – risk of personal injury and component damage Avoidance: keep the machine clear of overhead electrical power lines PN: 997863



Figure 2-5: Danger / Electrical Shock

Warning / Negative Tongue Weight

Hazard: Negative tongue weight will cause immediate elevation of the tongue
Avoidance: Stay clear of the tongue when disconnecting the implement form the tractor. Read the Operator Manual or safety information and operating instructions before operating the machine.
PN: 997853



Figure 2-6: Warning / Negative Tongue Weight

Caution / Safety Chains

Hazard: Lose of machine control Avoidance: Install the safety chains when attaching the implement to the tractor. Read the Operator Manual for safety information and operating instruction before operating the machine. PN: 997859



Figure 2-7: Caution / Safety Chains

Maximum Speed

The maximum speed safety sign displays the maximum speed the machine can be transported **H**PN: 9971017/9971019

Warning / Hydraulic Fluid Pressure

Hazard: Injection hazard into skin – escaping fluid under high pressure

Avoidance: Shut off engine, remove key, and relieve pressure before performing maintenance or repair work. Refer to the Operator Manual for proper service procedures. PN: 997867



Figure 2-8: Maximum Speed



Figure 2-9: Warning / Hydraulic Fluid Pressure

Warning / Crushing Hazard

Hazard: Crushing Hazard from moving parts Avoidance: Stay clear of this area while engine and machine are operating. PN: 997841



Figure 2-10: Warning / Crushing Hazard

Warning / Pinch Point Hazard: Crushing of the hands form above Avoidance: Keep hands clear of any moving parts around the pinch point. PN: 311207



Figure 2-11: Serial Number Plate Location

Warning / Rotating Drive Line Hazard: Whole body entanglement Avoidance: Do not remove safety shield will engine is running. PN: 997859



Figure 2-12: Warning / Rotating Drive Line

Figure 2-13: Warning / Rotating Part

Warning / Rotating Part

Hazard: Rotating sprocket with chain – finger entanglement danger.

Avoidance: Do not remove safety shields will engine is running and keep hands clear.

PN: 997859

3.0 SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Cart Specifications

Table 1: Cart Specifications

Cart Specifications			
Weight (Approx.)	35,000 lbs (15875 kg)		
Tank Capacity	35 US Tons (31.8 Metric Tons)		
Max Road Travel Speed (Unloaded)	15 mph (24 kmh)		
Transportation Height	12 ft (3.66 m)		
Field Position Height	20.5 ft (6.25 m)		
Transportation Width	11.4 ft (3.48 m)		
Field Position Width	11.4 ft (3.48 m)		
Unloading Width	26 ft (7.92 m)		
Length	35 ft (10.7 m)		

Table 2: Track Size

Track Size		
Width (Each)	3 ft (0.9 m)	
Length	12.3 ft (3.8 m)	
Height	3.4 ft (1 m)	
Width (Center To Center)	8.3 ft (2.5 m)	

3.1.1 Hydraulic Flow Rates: Each hydraulic circuit for the cart has a designated flow rate; approximate values for different unloading situations are listed in the table below.

Table 3: Hydraulic Flow Rates

	Ground Unload	Short Truck Unload	Tall Truck Unload	
Front and Rear Floors	15 GPM (56.8 L/min)	12 GPM (45.4 L/min)	10 GPM (37.9 L/min)	
Center Floor and Feed	15 GPM (56.8 L/min)	12 GPM (45.4 L/min)	10 GPM (37.9 L/min)	
Roller				
Elevator	30 GPM (114 L/min)	30 GPM (114 L/min)	30 GPM (114 L/min)	

NOTE: Values listed are a good starting point; however, flow rates should be fine-tuned to allow the smallest flow rate possible while still providing enough power to run the cart efficiently.

3.2 Tractor Specifications

Table 4: Tra	ctor Specifications
--------------	---------------------

Minimum Horsepower	300 hp (223.7 kW)
PTO Output	1000 RPM
Spline Size	1-3/4 in - 20
Minimum Hydraulic Capacity*	40 GPM (151 L/min)
Hydraulic Pressure	2700 PSI (18.6 MPa)
Minimum Number of remotes	4

*40 GPM (151 L/min) is the minimum hydraulic capacity however it is recommended to use a tractor with a higher capacity to increase the efficiency especially when unloading into tall trucks.

Note: If the tractor in use cannot produce the required hydraulic capabilities there is an optional PTO pump system that can be added. The PTO pump will then be used to drive the elevator hydraulic motors instead of being run by the tractor's hydraulics.

4.0 PREPARATION

4.1 Tractor Preparation

4.1.1 Three-Point Hitch Position: Three-point hitches cannot be connected to the hitch when using an Amity beet cart. It must be fully raised or removed.

NOTE: Amity recommends removing three-point hitches.

4.2 Cart Preparation

4.2.1 Elevator Hydraulic Value Control Box: The elevator control box must be correctly wired and securely fastened in the tractor cab.



4.2.2 Shield Placement: Before starting, be sure to secure the shields in operating position (closed position).

4.2.3 Gearbox Oil Level: Check all gearbox oil levels before operating. Refer to section 11.0, Lubrication and Maintenance, for oil type and fill level information.

4.2.4 Greasing: Refer to section 11.0, Lubrication and Maintenance, for grease type and frequency requirements.

IMPORTANT: Use only hand held grease guns. Air-powered grease guns can damage your seals. Over greasing may also damage bearing seals. If damage due to over greasing occurs, replace the damaged seals immediately.



Figure 4-1: Fully Raised Three-Point Hitch



Figure 4-2: Elevator Control Box



Figure 4-3: Gearbox

5.0 ATTACHING AND DETACHING

5.1 Attaching Hydraulic and Electrical Systems

CAUTION: To avoid injury from escaping fluid under pressure, relieve the pressure in the system before disconnecting or connecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

- 1. Connect all hydraulic lines to tractor as shown in Figure 5-1.
- 2. Connect the cart warning light harness to the tractor. Make sure the cart warning lights operate with the tractor warning lights and turn signals.
- 3. Connect the elevator valve control box, and if equipped the scale monitors, to the harness routed into the tractor cab.

5.2 Attaching Cart to Tractor Drawbar

- 1. Remove the tractor hitch pin.
- 2. Adjust the hitch height.
- 3. Line up the pull plate with the drawbar
- 4. Shift to park, shut off the engine, and remove the ignition key before getting out of tractor.
 - 5. Reinstall the hitch pin.
 - 6. Connect the safety chain to the drawbar supporting structure.



Figure 5-1: Attaching Hydraulic Lines

5.3 Using Stands

CAUTION: Always use stands when working on, near, or underneath the cart.

To raise, pull out the spring loaded stand pin (A) and step on the stand base to lower the stand as far as possible and release the pin to lock the stand base into position. Then use the crank (B) to further raise the hitch until the weight is completely off the tractor draw bar.

The stands are equipped with a planetary gear set that adjust the linear speed and torque when cranking. When the stand is off the ground push the crank rod into the stand for high gear so the stand will raise or lower faster. When the stand is under load pull out on the crank rod for low gear to make it easier to crank.



Figure 5-2: Cart Stand

To lower, use the crank to lower the hitch until the weight is completely off the stands and the pull the stand pin and the stand base should retract.

6.0 OPERATING THE CART

6.1 Cart Components

6.1.1 Front and Rear Floors

The front and rear floors are solid planked floors that use slatted drag chain to pull beats into the center section.



Figure 6-1: Front / Rear Floor

6.1.2 Center Floor

The center floor changes the direction of beat flow from the front and rear floors and transfers the beet to the feed roller. The center floor also use slatted drag chain.



Figure 6-2: Center Floor

6.1.3 Feed Roller

The feed roller is an assembly of different sized rubber octagon shaped wheels that spins at a higher rate than the floors with the purpose of feeding beets form the center floor to the elevator.







Figure 6-4: Assembled Feed Roller

6.1.4 Elevator

The cart elevator is a two part elevator that folds in the middle to transition from transportation position and field position. The elevator uses belted chain with fingers to grab the beets and pull them up the elevator to unload the beets at the desired height and location.



Figure 6-5: Elevator

Terminology:

Transportation Position-refers to when the elevator is folded to fit inside the tank walls as shown in Figure 6-6.

Field Position-refers to when the elevator is in a vertical position as

shown in Figure 6-7.





Figure 6-6: Transportation Position

Figure 6-7: Field Position

6.1.5 Beet Deflector

The beet deflector is the adjustable rubber back stop at the end of the elevator and is used to stop the beets from over shooting allowing the elevator to run at the maximum speed.



Figure 6-8: Beet Deflector

6.1.6 Stands

The cart's stands are shown in Figure 6-9 and is used keep the cart level when it's not connect to the tractor and adjust the height of the hitch for attaching and detaching. The stands have spring loaded legs for quick extension and a planetary gear set to speed up the linear movement when cranking with little to no weight on the stands and to make it easier to crank when under load.



Figure 6-9: Stands

6.2 Field Start Up

After entering a field the cart elevator needs to be transitioned from transportation position to field position before being loaded with beets. To make this transition follow the following steps.

- 1. Ensure that you, bystanders, and all objects are clear of the cart before starting.
 - 2. Pressurize the large elevator cylinders and unfold the entire elevator until the cylinders reach their maximum.
 - 3. Flip and **Hold** the elevator hydraulic value control switch to transfer the flow of hydraulic fluid from the large cylinders to the small middle fold cylinders.
 - 4. Unfold the upper section of the boom until it becomes aligned with the lower section of the boom
 - Exit the tractor and insert the elevator locking pins to ensure the upper section cannot unintentionally collapse. (There are 2 pins, one on each side) If holes do not line up refer to Section 7.2.2 for adjustment.
 - 6. Fold the enter boom until it hits the stops on the center section and the elevator is standing strait up. Refer to Section7.2.4 for stop adjustments.

IMPORTANT: Never fold or unfold the upper section of the elevator when the elevator is standing strait up. Always extend the large hydraulic cylinders as far as possible before transferring flow to the smaller cylinders.

IMPORTANT: Upon annual first use raise and lower each section of the elevator multiple times to ensure the cylinders and lines are completely filled with hydraulic fluid and air free.

CAUTION: Never unfold or operate the cart with the elevator extend near overhead obstruction or overhead power lines.

6.3 Field Operating Speed

The cart operating speed when being loaded in depend on the harvester speed; typical speeds are 3-5 mph (4.8-8 kmh).

The maximum speed of the cart is 15 mph (25 kmh).

6.4 Turning Radius

Turning the cart requires a wide area. A minimum turning radius of three times the length of the tractor plus the length of the cart is recommended (3x Tractor + 35 feet (10.67 meters)). When executing a sharp turn it is import to watch to make sure the tractor tire to not come in contact with any part of the cart.

IMPORTANT: Failure to provide a sufficient turning radius for the tractor and cart may lead to damage of the cart, the tracks, or the tractor.

6.5 Unloading Into Trucks

1

To unload into a truck follow the following instruction.

- 1. Ensure that you, bystanders, and all objects are clear of the cart before starting this process and remain clear throughout the process.
- 2. Pull up parallel to the truck and align the cart the correct distance from the side of the truck which will be dependent on the height of the truck and the elevation of the elevator.
- 3. Position the cart front to back so that the elevator drop zone is entirely inside the truck box.
- 4. Lower the elevator until it resides approximately 1 foot higher than the truck box. The beet deflector should be centered between the truck box side walls.
- 5. Start the elevator hydraulic motor using the corresponding remote and leave it detent.
- 6. Once the flow of beets out the end of the elevator starts to diminish start the center floor using its corresponding remote and leave it in detent.
- 7. Once the pile of beets in the truck box reaches the top of the box walls slowly start to pull forward or backward, depending which side of the truck you are one, building the pile to the same height as you go.
- 8. When the flow of beets out the end of the elevator starts diminish again start the front and rear floors using its corresponding remote and leave it detent.

- 9. When the elevator reaches the end of the truck box stop moving forward finish building the pile to the correct height and then stop the cart in the following order.
 - 1) Stop the front and rear floors
 - 2) Stop the center section
 - Stop the elevator
 IMPORTANT: Always follow the steps in this order when stopping the cart hydraulic or beet damage could occur
- 10. If beets still remain in the cart tank find the next truck and repeat steps 3 through 9. If the tank is empty raise the elevator to field position and return to the field to be refilled by a harvester.

6.6 Unloading Onto the Ground

To unload onto the ground follow the following instruction.

- 1. Ensure that you, bystanders, and all objects are clear of the cart before starting this process and remain clear throughout the process.
 - 2. Lower the elevator as far as possible. This will help achieve the fastest unloading speed.
 - 3. Pull up parallel to the unloading zone.
 - 4. Start the elevator hydraulic motor using the corresponding remote and leave it detent.
 - 5. Once the flow of beets out the end of the elevator starts to diminish start the center floor using its corresponding remote and leave it in detent.
 - 6. When the flow of beets out the end of the elevator starts diminish again start the front and rear floors using its corresponding remote and leave it in detent.
 - 7. As the pile grows taller the elevator will need to be raised so the elevator tip remains at least 1 foot above the pile at all times.
 - 8. Once the pile has reached the desired height slowly pull forward building the pile to the same height alone the way.
 - 9. When the cart becomes empty stop the all the hydraulic motors (front, rear, center, and elevator) and fold the boom back into field position.

6.7 Break- in Period

After an initial 5 hours of normal field operation, check to make sure all the major components are adjusted correctly and working properly. Refer to Section 11 for more details.

6.8 Field Cleaning

The cart will collect mud at different rates during operation depending on soil conditions. It is important to clean the machine every two hours or more often if the conditions demand.

IMPORTANT: If left unclean, mud will clog the machine and cause imminent damage. Frequently clean the machine to avoid damage.

6.9 Field Shutdown

Before exiting a field the elevator needs to be returned to its transportation position. To make this transition follow the following steps.

- 1. Ensure that you, bystanders, and all objects are clear of the cart before starting.
 - 2. Unload any beets that remain within the cart.
 - 3. Lower the elevator to the lowest position possible.
 - 4. Exit the tractor and remove the elevator locking pins. (There are 2 pins, one on each side)
 - 5. Flip and **Hold** the elevator hydraulic value control switch to transfer the flow of hydraulic fluid from the large cylinders to the small middle fold cylinders.
 - 6. Slowly raise the upper section of the elevator until it hits the stops on the lower section.
 - 7. Release the elevator hydraulic value control switch to transfer the flow back to the large cylinders.
 - 8. Slowly raise the entire elevator until it hits the stop on the center section and the elevator is fully folded into the tank. Refer to Section 7 for stop adjustments.

IMPORTANT: Never fold or unfold the upper section of the elevator when the elevator is standing strait up. Always extend the large hydraulic cylinders as far as possible before transferring flow to the smaller cylinders.

CAUTION: Never fold or operate the cart with the elevator extend near overhead obstruction or overhead power lines.

7.0ADJUSTMENTS

Important: Before making any adjustments, shift to park, relieve hydraulic pressure, stop the engine, remove the ignition key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before dismounting.

7.1 Floor Chain

All three floors, front, rear, and center, use slated drag chains. Over time as the cart is used the chain will elongate due to wear which will cause excess slack in the chain. To prolong the life of the chain and sprocket this slack will need to be removed by tensioning the chain.

Figure 7-1 shows the correct slack wanted during use. Dimension (A) is measured from the bottom of the slacked chain to the underside of the floor panels off the side of the second to end floor joist, on the side facing the adjustment rod. When the machine is not running and at a standstill Dimension (A) should measure 8.75 inches (22.23 cm).



If the slack does not match this the chain needs to be tensioned. To remove a small amount of excess slack follow the following procedure.

- 1. Under the floors at the end there is a tensioning system that uses two, ¾" adjustment rods (A) as show in Figure 7-2. To start tensioning loosen the hex nuts (B).
- 2. Drive the adjustment rods (A) in small amounts at a time while measuring the slack until it reaches the preferred level.

NOTE: There are two adjustment rods for every section of chain and these rods need to be adjusted to the same tension throughout the process.

If the adjustment rod reaches the end of its threads a link in both the chains will need to be removed.



Figure 7-2: Sectioned View of the Floor Chains with Adjustment Rods

7.2 Elevator

7.2.1 Belted Chain

As with the floor chain the belted chain on the elevator needs to be correctly tensioned for smooth operation and prolonged life. To correctly tension the belt, position the elevator in the unloading position, as it would be in the field, and measure the distance over 20 pitches of the belting on the cam side of the belt (not on top of the rods). The belt should be tensioned to 1001mm over 20 pitches with the max being 1002mm.

- Loosen the four ½" nuts(C) on the slide plate on each side of the elevator
- Loosen the four ½" nut and bolts (C2) on the middle support
- 3. Loosen the single 5/8" nuts (E2) on the adjustment rods
- Drive the adjustment rods (D) in while using a wrench to hold the two 5/8" nut (E1) on motor side
 - Drive the rod in with small increaments making sure to make the same adjustments on either side of the elevator and in the middle
- Retighten the four ½" nuts (C) on the slide plates on each side of the elvator and the four nuts and bolts on the middle support
- 6. Retighten all the 5/8" nuts on the adjustment rods



Figure 7-3: Elevator Chain Tensioning



Figure 7-4: Elevator Drive Shaft Middle Support

7.2.2 Tension System

The tension system is mounted on the top of the elevators and is used to tension the belted chain when folded for transportation and to take pressure off the short hydraulic cylinders when folded out. The tension system needs to be correctly adjusted so the elevator locking pin holes line up. To line up the holes follow these steps.



Figure 7-5: Tension System and Hole Line Up

- 1. Loosen four ½" nuts and bolts(F), two on each side of the elevator and loosen the end 5/8" nuts(G1) on both sides of the elevator
- 2. Use the second 5/8" nut(G2) to line up the holes as shown in Figure 7-5 by either tightening the nut to drawn the upper section of the elevator up or loosen to drop it down.
- 3. Once the holes line up retighten the $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ " nuts to lock the tension system into place.

7.2.3 Beet Deflector

The beet deflector can be adjusted to provide more accurate beet placement. The adjustment of the deflector will vary depending unload height and speed. As the elevator decreases in unload height the deflector should be adjusted closer to the elevator. Vis-versa as the elevator increases in unload height the deflector needs to be adjusted outwards to provide clearance.

To adjust the deflector follow these steps:

- 1. Loosen eight 3/8" bolts (H), four on each side of the elevator
- 2. Slide the defector to the desired position (Be sure to adjust both sides of the deflector evenly)
- 3. Retighten the 3/8" bolts (H)



7.2.4 Stop Bolts

There are two sets of stop bolts on the elevator that are used to stop folding before reaching the end of the hydraulic cylinder range. The purpose of these stops is to prolong the life of the hydraulic cylinders and to prevent unintended contact between moving parts. Figure 7-7 shows the stop bolts on one side of the elevator. Stop Bolt "A" is the main fold stop and is factory set at a distance of 2 $\frac{7}{8}$ " (73.025 mm) from the bolt head to the plate. Stop Bolt "B" is the middle fold stop and is factor set at a distance of $1 \frac{11}{16}$ (42.86 mm) from the bolt head to the plate. To make any further adjustments loosen the nuts, adjust the bolts, and then retighten the nuts.





7.2.5 Plastic Puck

There is a plastic puck (I) that sits inside a hole on the upper section of the elevator which has pressure applied to it via a 3/8" Bolt (J) to create a gap between the walls of the upper and lower section. The purpose of this plastic puck is for it to slide up and down the side of the lower section and prevent contact of the metal side walls of the elevator.

As this plastic puck is slid up and down as you fold in and out the upper section of the elevator it will cause the plastic to wear. This wear needs to be adjusted for to ensure the metal side walls don't come into contact with each other.

To adjust the plastic puck follow these steps.

- 1. Loose the Jam Nut (K)
- 2. Drive the 3/8" Bolt (J) in until there is a 0.125 Inch (0.3175 cm) gap between the side walls
- 3. Retighten the Jam Nut (K)





8.0 TRANSPORTATION

8.1 Warning Lights

CAUTION: Prevent collisions between other road users, slow moving tractors with attachments or towed equipment, and self-propelled machines on public roads. Frequently check for traffic from the rear, especially in turns, and use turn signal lights or hand signals.

Use headlights, flashing warning lights, and turn signals day and night. Follow local regulations for equipment and marking. Keep lighting and marking visible and in good working order. Replace or repair lighting and marking that has been damaged or lost.

8.2 Preparing for Transport

- 1. Run the machine until it is clear of beets and the tank is empty.
- 2. Clean all soil and debris off the machine.
- 3. Fold in the elevator. Refer to Section 6.19
- Make sure all safety decals and lights are clean and visible and all tail lights and turn signals function properly.





CAUTION: Always use warning lights when transporting. Braking distance is greatly increased when towing a cart.

NOTE: Maximum speed when transporting the cart is 15 mph (25 kmh).



9.0 CLEANING

Cleaning is an important part of cart maintenance. The entire cart should be annually clean at the end of the season to remove dirt and debris. Dirt and debris will attract moisture which will cause rust to form. The rest of this section illustrates a few points where mud will routinely build up and need to be cleaned.

9.1 Elevator Drive Sprocket

The elevator drive sprockets will become packed with mud and should be cleaned routinely.



Figure 9-1: Elevator Drive Sprocket

9.2 Center/Feed Roller Drive Area

On both sides of the elevator, under the floors, debris will collect around the feed roller bearings, drive coupler, and the U-joint. This debris needs to be frequently cleaned out to prolong the life of those components.



Figure 9-2: Feed Roller and Center Floor Drive Shafts

9.3 Floor Chain

As the floor chain is dragged over the floor, mud can become wedged between the two. If too much mud collects it will cause the slats to raise off the floor and/or bow up in the middle which will cause an increase in needed torque to start the floor chains.

! IMPORTANT: It is also very important to routinely clean off any safety stickers that become unreadable.

10.0 STORAGE

10.1 End of Season

- 1. Thoroughly clean the cart inside and out. Debris and dirt will draw moisture and cause rust.
- 2. Inspect the cart for any damaged or worn components; repair or replace as required.
- 3. Touch up paint on all parts from which paint has been worn to prevent rusting.
- 4. Clean all chains by washing with diesel fuel. Dry well and lubricate (see Lubrication and Maintenance, section 11.0).
- 5. Fold in the elevator.
- 6. Move the cart to a level, dry, and clean area.
- 7. Put blocking material under the stands to prevent sinking.

10.2 Beginning of Season

- 1. Attach the cart to the tractor (see section 5.0).
- 2. Remove all support blocks from the stands.
- 3. Lubricate the entire machine (see Lubrication and Maintenance, section 11.0). This will force any collected moisture out of the bearings. Replace the gearbox oil (see Lubrication and Maintenance, section 11.0).
- 4. Run the cart to ensure proper function.
- 5. Tighten all loose components including guards and shields.
- 6. Review the operator's manual prior to operation.

IMPORTANT: All components that are damaged or worn must be repaired or replaced before operating the cart (see parts book for part numbers).

11.0 LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE

11.1 General Maintenance Information

Perform each lubrication and service illustrated in this section at the beginning and end of each season.

IMPORTANT: The period for recommended lubrication and maintenance is based on normal conditions. Severe or unusual conditions may require more frequent lubrication or oil changes.

IMPORTANT: The items listed separately from the lubrication chart and the servicing interval pages are of extra importance. These items must be well maintained and checked routinely to maximize their lifespan.

11.1.1 Grease: SAE multipurpose high temperature/extreme pressure grease with less than 1% molybdenum disulfide grease should be used.

Clean grease fittings before using a grease gun. Replace any lost or broken fittings immediately. If a new fitting fails to take grease, remove it and check for failure of adjoining parts.

11.2 U Joints



IMPORTANT: On needle bearings, use of grease with more than 1% molybdenum disulfide content may lead to premature U joint failure.

11.3 Floor Drag Chain

The floor chains work in an aggressive environment and needs to be well serviced to maximize its life span. To prolong the life the chain should be regularly cleaned when in use, frequency will depend on the environmental conditions. At the end of the season the chain should be thoroughly cleaned and then well lubricated. At the beginning of the each season the chain should be again well lubricated before its 1st use.

The chain will also need to remain properly tensioned when in use and should be routinely monitored. See Section 7 for adjustments if necessary.

11.4 Gearbox Oil Level

Gearbox oil levels should be checked routinely and filled to line (A) or 1 Quart (0.95 Liters) as shown in Figure 11-2.

Side plugs (B) can be found on all gearboxes and can be used to measure the correct fill level.

When gearboxes are filled with the proper amount of oil, the level should be just below the threads of side plug (B). Excess oil can be drained from the gearbox using side plug (B).



Figure 11-2: Gearbox Oil Level

The oil in the gearbox should be drain and replaced after the first 12 hours of use, then be changed on an annual schedule.

11.5 Breather Cleaning

The breather must be able to vent atmospheric conditions during heating and cooling cycles of operation. If it cannot vent, oil will seep out seals and run low. Prolonged operation with low oil levels will damage the internal components. To clean the breather:

- 1. Remove breather (C).
- 2. Stop up the breather opening using a plastic plug or a clean rag to prevent contaminants from entering the gearbox.
- 3. Soak the breather in solvent for one hour.
- 4. Use a pointed instrument or wire to remove any residue from breather passages.
- 5. Blow out the breather with high pressure air.
- 6. Blow through the breather to ensure the passages are clear.
- 7. Reinstall and tighten breather (C) in the gearbox.



Figure 11-3: Gearbox Breather

11.6 Servicing Intervals

Before 1st Use:

- 1. Check floor and elevator chain for correct tensioning
- 2. Check all gearbox oil levels
- 3. Grease Hitch

12 Hours*:

- 1. Grease hitch and bearings
- 2. Change oil in gearboxes (after Initial 12 hours only)
- 5. Check belted elevator chain splices

24 Hours*:

- 1. Grease U-Joint
- 2. Check wear on elevator bogey wheel bearings, and replace as necessary
- 3. Check floor chain tension and wear; check sprockets for proper tension and alignment. Adjust as required
- 4. Lubricate floor drag chains.

250 Hours* or Annually:

- 1. Grease all bearings
- 3. Change oil in gearboxes, rinse gearbox when oil is replaced.
- 4. Clean gearbox breathers.
- 3. Check wear on elevator bogey wheel bearings, and replace as necessary.
- 5. Lubricate floor drag chains.

*These hours are working hours not field hours, meaning only unloading time is counted









11.7 Lubrication Chart

Ref #	Description	Lubrication Type	Frequency	Quantity	Number of Instances
	Floor Gearbox		250 Hours/		
1	(PN 310807)	SAE 80W-90 EP	Annually	1 Quart	3
	Floor Ball Bearing	Multi-Purpose			
2	(PN 57997)	Grease	12 Hours	1-2 Pumps	3
	Hitch Pivot	Multi-Purpose	250 Hours/		
3	(PN 310796)	Grease	Annually	1-2 Pumps	2
	Planetary Gear	Multi-Purpose			
4	Jack Stand (PN 310742)	Grease	250 Hours	1-2 Pumps	1
	Hitch Pin Receiver	Multi-Purpose			
5	(PN 310028)	Grease	12 Hours	1-2 Pumps	1
	Universal Joint	Multi-Purpose		•	
6	(PN 310893)	Grease	24 Hours	2-3 Pumps	1
	Elevator Pivot Bearing	Multi-Purpose	250 Hours/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7	(PN 310013)	Grease	Annually	1-2 Pumps	2
	Ball Bearing	Multi-Purpose			
8	(PN 52405)	Grease	12 Hours	1-2 Pumps	4
	Ball Bearing	Multi-Purpose			
9	(PN 62135)	Grease	12 Hours	1-2 Pumps	1
	Taped Base Bearing	Multi-Purpose			
10	(PN 310396)	Grease	12 Hours	1-2 Pumps	12
	Eleon Drag Chain	SAE 20 (20 to 40 °F)	250 Hours/		
N/A	Floor Drag Chain	SAE 30 (20 to 100 °F)	Annually	As Needed	6
N/A	Tracks	Refer to Track Manual		2	

12.0 Appendices

12.1 Conversions

1 acre= .404 hectares	1 mph= 1.609 kmh
1 acre= 43,560 square feet	1 mile= 1.609 km
1 inch= 2.54 cm	1 psi= 6.895 kPa
1 foot= 0.3048 m	1 GPM= 3.785 LPM
1 lb= .45359 kg	1 hp= .746 kw
1 lb= 16 oz	1 ft-lb= 1.356 N·m

Table 12-1: Conversions

12.2 Belted Chain Splice Procedure





12.3 Torque Wrench Effective Length

To recalculate a torque reading when using a torque adapter, use the following formula, and refer to Figure 98:

TW is the torque setting or dial reading on the wrench.

TA is the torque specification (The actual amount of torque that should be applied to the fastener).

A is the amount that the adapter increases (or reduces) the effective lever length as measured along the centerline of the torque wrench.

L is the lever length of the wrench as measured from the center of the drive to the center of the grip.

The effective length of the torque wrench, measured along the centerline of the torque wrench, is the sum of **L** and **A**.



Figure 12-2: Torque Wrench Effective Length